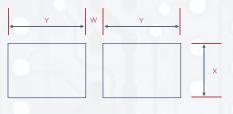
# SMD ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS - REFLOW CONDITION -

### RECOMMENDED PAD PATTERN AND SIZE

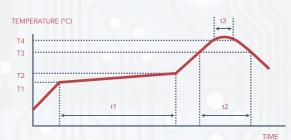


			UNIT : MM
CASE SIZE			
	х	Y	W
3Ø	1.6	2.2	0.8
4Ø	1.6	2.6	1.0
5Ø	1.6	3.0	1.4
6.3Ø	1.6	3.5	1.9
8 x 6.5	1.6	4.0	2.1
8Ø	2.5	3.5	3.0
10Ø	2.5	4.0	4.0
12.5Ø	4.0	7.5	7.0
16Ø	6.0	8.5	9.5

## RECOMMENDED SOLDERING METHODS

METHOD	REFLOW SOLDERING	SOLDERING IRON	FLOW SOLDERING
Advisability	O	O	×
	Recommended	Recommended	Not Recommended

# PB-FREE TYPE



# TEST CONDITIONS

1	YPE	NON-SOLID CAPACITOR				OP-CAP			
,	W.V.	4 ~ 50 4 ~ 50V		63V~	4V~				
CASE	SIZE (Ø)	4 ~ 6.3Ø x 4.5L	Øx4.5L 3~6.3 3~6.3 8~10		8 ~ 16				
PREHEAT	Temp. (T1~T2, °C)	) 150 ~ 180							
FRENEAI	Time (t1) (Max, secs)	120	100			90			
DURATION	Temp. (T3, °C)	230	217	230	217	217	200	217	230
	Time (t2) (Max, secs)	30	90	60	60	40	60	50	40
PEAK	Temp. (T4, °C)	250	260		250	240	250		260
	Time (t3, secs)		5						
REFLO	W CYCLES	1			2 of	less	2		1

\*Please contact our representative if your condition is higher

# ATTENTION FOR OP-CAP

- Reflow soldering may reduce the capacitance of products before or after soldering even if soldering conditions stipulated in Recommendable Reflow Condition are met.

Though the actual reflow conditions are subject to change depending on the kind of reflow soldering method, please be aware that the peak temperature at the top of A1-case and electrode terminals should not exceed peak temperature
Particular notice should be given to the time that OP-CAP is heated at 200°C or higher during reflow

- If your reflow conditions (temperature and/or duration) exceed the above, OP-CAP may be damaged exhibiting; 50% decrease in capacitance, an increase of leakage current, (up to several mA) as well as damage to the exterior of the capacitor.



METHOD IS AS FOLLOWS

### **REFLOW SOLDERING CONDITION**

The following temperature profile condition should be observed for soldering. (For highter temperature, pleases contact us after measuring the capacitor's product temperature profile at your side.

Product Temperature will rise slower as the product size gets bigger. It is not necessary to adjust the reflow furnace temperature setting according to the product size, for example, Ø4 and Ø10 products can be mixed on one PCB for reflowing.

### SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

- Elements related to the reflow soldering temperature

- Product Size - The temperature rises slower as the size gets bigger.

- Product location: The center part of the PCB tends to have a lower temperature than the PCB edges.

- PCB Size: The PCB temperature rises slower as the area and/or thickness of the PCB gets greater.

### REPEATED REFLOWING

- Avoid reflowing twice if possible

- If repeated reflowing is unavoidable, contact us after measuring the first and the second reflow profiles and reflow interval at your side.

Do not attempt to reflow three times

### SOLDERING WITH SOLDERING IRON

- Observe the following conditions.
- The iron tip temperature: 350±5°C
- Soldering time: 3+1/-0 seconds

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